

important person in psychology

important person in psychology refers to individuals whose contributions have significantly shaped the field of psychology. Throughout history, many pioneers have influenced psychological theories, research methodologies, and therapeutic practices. These key figures have introduced groundbreaking concepts that continue to impact modern psychology, ranging from cognitive processes and behavioral analysis to psychoanalysis and humanistic approaches. Understanding the achievements and philosophies of these important persons in psychology provides valuable insight into the discipline's evolution and current trends. This article explores notable psychologists, their contributions, and the lasting legacy they have left on the science of mind and behavior. The following sections will systematically examine some of the most influential figures in psychology's development.

- Founding Figures in Psychology
- Key Contributors to Psychological Theories
- Pioneers in Developmental and Educational Psychology
- Influential Psychologists in Clinical Practice
- Modern Innovators and Their Impact

Founding Figures in Psychology

The foundation of psychology as a formal scientific discipline is attributed to several important persons in psychology who established its core principles and experimental methods. These individuals laid the groundwork for psychology to emerge from philosophy and physiology into an empirical science.

Wilhelm Wundt: The Father of Experimental Psychology

Wilhelm Wundt is widely regarded as the founder of modern psychology. In 1879, he established the first experimental psychology laboratory in Leipzig, Germany, marking the official beginning of psychology as a distinct scientific field. Wundt emphasized the importance of introspection and controlled experiments to study conscious experience, setting standards for psychological research.

William James: The American Pioneer

William James was a seminal figure in American psychology and philosophy. His work introduced functionalism, a perspective focusing on how mental processes help individuals adapt to their environments. His influential book, "The Principles of Psychology," laid the foundation for many psychological concepts related to consciousness, habit, and emotion.

Mary Whiton Calkins: A Trailblazer for Women in Psychology

Mary Whiton Calkins was an important person in psychology who made significant strides despite facing gender-based barriers. As the first female president of the American Psychological Association (APA), she contributed extensively to the study of self-psychology and memory, advocating for the recognition of women's roles in the field.

Key Contributors to Psychological Theories

Many important persons in psychology have developed theories that explain human thought, emotion, and behavior. These theoretical contributions have influenced research directions and therapeutic interventions for decades.

Sigmund Freud and Psychoanalysis

Sigmund Freud is one of the most well-known figures in psychology, primarily for founding psychoanalysis. His theory emphasized the unconscious mind, defense mechanisms, and childhood experiences as critical factors shaping personality and behavior. Freud's work introduced concepts such as the id, ego, and superego, which remain influential in both clinical and cultural contexts.

John B. Watson and Behaviorism

John B. Watson was a principal proponent of behaviorism, a school of psychology that focuses on observable behaviors rather than internal mental states. Watson's emphasis on environmental influences and conditioning revolutionized psychological research and laid the groundwork for later behaviorists like B.F. Skinner.

Carl Jung and Analytical Psychology

Carl Jung expanded psychoanalytic theory by introducing concepts such as the collective unconscious, archetypes, and psychological types. His analytical psychology provided a broader understanding of personality and spirituality, influencing both psychology and popular culture.

Pioneers in Developmental and Educational Psychology

Developmental and educational psychology have been profoundly shaped by important persons in psychology who studied how individuals grow and learn across the lifespan. Their research informs teaching methods, child development, and educational policy.

Jean Piaget and Cognitive Development

Jean Piaget is renowned for his theory of cognitive development, which describes how children progress through distinct stages of thinking and reasoning. His work highlighted the active role of

learners in constructing knowledge, influencing educational practices worldwide.

Lev Vygotsky and Sociocultural Theory

Lev Vygotsky emphasized the social and cultural context of learning. His concept of the Zone of Proximal Development (ZPD) underscores the importance of guided interaction in cognitive growth, shaping modern approaches to education and child psychology.

Maria Montessori and Child-Centered Education

Maria Montessori was an important person in psychology whose educational philosophy focused on hands-on, self-directed learning in a carefully prepared environment. The Montessori method has been widely adopted globally and remains influential in early childhood education.

Influential Psychologists in Clinical Practice

The practice of clinical psychology has been transformed by important persons in psychology who developed innovative therapies and approaches to mental health treatment.

Carl Rogers and Humanistic Psychology

Carl Rogers pioneered the humanistic approach to psychology, emphasizing empathy, unconditional positive regard, and client-centered therapy. His focus on personal growth and self-actualization contrasted with earlier deterministic models and has shaped modern counseling techniques.

Aaron T. Beck and Cognitive Therapy

Aaron T. Beck is considered the father of cognitive therapy, which addresses dysfunctional thought patterns to alleviate psychological distress. Cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT) derived from his work is now a widely used and empirically supported treatment for various mental health disorders.

Alfred Adler and Individual Psychology

Alfred Adler introduced individual psychology, highlighting the importance of social interest, feelings of inferiority, and striving for superiority. His holistic approach to understanding personality and behavior influenced both psychotherapy and educational strategies.

Modern Innovators and Their Impact

Contemporary psychology continues to evolve through the contributions of important persons in psychology who integrate neuroscience, technology, and new theoretical perspectives.

Albert Bandura and Social Learning Theory

Albert Bandura revolutionized psychology with his social learning theory, which emphasizes the role of observational learning, imitation, and modeling in behavior acquisition. His concept of self-efficacy has had a significant impact on motivation and therapeutic interventions.

Elizabeth Loftus and Memory Research

Elizabeth Loftus is a leading researcher on human memory, particularly the malleability and reliability of eyewitness testimony. Her findings have important implications for legal psychology and understanding false memories.

Martin Seligman and Positive Psychology

Martin Seligman is a key figure in the development of positive psychology, a movement focusing on strengths, well-being, and human flourishing. His work promotes the scientific study of happiness and resilience, influencing mental health practices and public policy.

Summary of Important Persons in Psychology and Their Contributions

Numerous important persons in psychology have enriched the field through diverse perspectives and innovations. Their contributions span experimental foundations, theoretical frameworks, developmental insights, clinical practices, and modern advancements. Understanding these figures provides a comprehensive view of psychology's multifaceted nature and ongoing evolution.

1. Wilhelm Wundt: Established experimental psychology
2. William James: Promoted functionalism
3. Sigmund Freud: Developed psychoanalysis
4. John B. Watson: Founded behaviorism
5. Jean Piaget: Theorized cognitive development
6. Carl Rogers: Advanced humanistic therapy
7. Aaron T. Beck: Created cognitive therapy
8. Albert Bandura: Formulated social learning theory
9. Martin Seligman: Pioneered positive psychology

Frequently Asked Questions

Who is considered the father of modern psychology?

Wilhelm Wundt is considered the father of modern psychology for establishing the first psychology laboratory in 1879, marking psychology as a distinct scientific discipline.

What are Ivan Pavlov's major contributions to psychology?

Ivan Pavlov is renowned for his research on classical conditioning, demonstrating how organisms learn through association, which laid the groundwork for behaviorism.

Why is Sigmund Freud an important figure in psychology?

Sigmund Freud is important for founding psychoanalysis, a method for treating psychopathology through dialogue between a patient and a psychoanalyst, and for his theories on the unconscious mind.

How did B.F. Skinner influence psychology?

B.F. Skinner significantly influenced psychology through his work on operant conditioning, emphasizing the role of reinforcement and punishment in shaping behavior.

What contributions did Carl Rogers make to psychology?

Carl Rogers was a key figure in humanistic psychology, known for developing client-centered therapy and emphasizing the importance of empathy and unconditional positive regard in personal growth.

Additional Resources

1. *"Freud: The Interpretation of Dreams"*

This seminal book by Sigmund Freud introduces his groundbreaking theory of the unconscious mind and the role of dreams in revealing hidden desires and conflicts. Freud's work laid the foundation for psychoanalysis and deeply influenced the understanding of human psychology. It remains a critical text for anyone studying personality and mental processes.

2. *"Jung: Memories, Dreams, Reflections"*

Carl Jung's autobiographical work explores his personal life, his development of analytical psychology, and his theories on archetypes and the collective unconscious. The book offers insight into Jung's introspective journey and his contributions to understanding the psyche beyond Freud's ideas. It is essential reading for those interested in depth psychology.

3. *"Skinner: Beyond Freedom and Dignity"*

B.F. Skinner challenges traditional notions of free will and individual autonomy in this influential book. He argues that human behavior is shaped by environmental factors through operant conditioning. Skinner's work significantly impacted behaviorism and the application of psychological principles in education and society.

4. *"Rogers: On Becoming a Person"*

Carl Rogers presents his humanistic approach to psychology, emphasizing the importance of self-actualization and unconditional positive regard in therapy. This book offers profound insights into client-centered therapy and personal growth. Rogers' ideas have shaped modern counseling and psychotherapy practices.

5. *"Piaget: The Origins of Intelligence in Children"*

Jean Piaget's classic work outlines his theory of cognitive development, detailing how children construct knowledge through stages. This book revolutionized the understanding of child psychology and education by highlighting active learning and developmental processes. Piaget's research continues to influence educational curricula worldwide.

6. *"Bandura: Social Learning Theory"*

Albert Bandura introduces the concept that people learn behaviors through observation and imitation in this foundational text. The book describes key experiments and the role of modeling in learning social behaviors. Bandura's theory bridges behaviorism and cognitive psychology, impacting education, therapy, and media studies.

7. *"Erikson: Childhood and Society"*

Erik Erikson explores the psychosocial stages of human development, emphasizing identity formation throughout the lifespan. This book expands on Freudian theory by incorporating social and cultural factors in personality development. Erikson's work is crucial for understanding developmental psychology and human growth.

8. *"Maslow: Motivation and Personality"*

Abraham Maslow presents his hierarchy of needs, a motivational theory that prioritizes human needs from basic survival to self-actualization. This book highlights the psychological factors that drive behavior and personal fulfillment. Maslow's ideas have influenced psychology, education, and management practices.

9. *"Vygotsky: Thought and Language"*

Lev Vygotsky examines the relationship between cognitive development and language, emphasizing social interaction's role in learning. His sociocultural theory challenges individualistic views and underscores culture's influence on mental functions. Vygotsky's work is fundamental in developmental psychology and educational theory.

Important Person In Psychology

Find other PDF articles:

<https://www-01.massdevelopment.com/archive-library-101/Book?docid=aEv05-5279&title=beat-mouth-swab-drug-test.pdf>

important person in psychology: Handbook of Research Methods in Personality Psychology Richard W. Robins, R. Chris Fraley, Robert F. Krueger, 2009-12-09 Bringing together leading investigators, this comprehensive handbook is a one-stop reference for anyone planning or conducting research on personality. It provides up-to-date analyses of the rich array of

methodological tools available today, giving particular attention to real-world theoretical and logistical challenges and how to overcome them. In chapters filled with detailed, practical examples, readers are shown step by step how to formulate a suitable research design, select and use high-quality measures, and manage the complexities of data analysis and interpretation. Coverage ranges from classic methods like self-report inventories and observational procedures to such recent innovations as neuroimaging and genetic analyses.

important person in psychology: The Oxford Handbook of Personality and Social Psychology Kay Deaux, Mark Snyder, 2018-10-30 The second edition of The Oxford Handbook of Personality and Social Psychology uniquely integrates personality and social psychology perspectives together in one volume. Contributors explore historical, conceptual, methodological, and empirical foundations that link the two fields together. Further, this new edition offers readers comprehensive coverage of new and emerging areas of theory, research, and application, and assesses the fields' growth and development since the publication of the first edition.

important person in psychology: EBOOK: Personality Psychology: Domains of Knowledge about Human Nature Randy Larsen, David Buss, John Song, Stephanie van den Berg, 2025-01-13 Personality makes us who we are and influences every aspect of our lives, from how we interact with others, to how we respond in stressful situations. Personality Psychology uses a unique organizational framework to explore the six key domains of knowledge about personality: Dispositional, Biological, Intrapsychic, Cognitive-Experiential, Social and Cultural, and Adjustment. This fourth edition expands its practice-based approach while retaining a focus on the scientific basis of current understanding and integrates contemporary research while also covering classic viewpoints. Key features: • NEW Learning Objectives have been added to the start of each chapter to support key learnings. Part Openers have been revised to strengthen the links between chapters and enhance practical application of theories by following a fictional student's journey through life and discussing their personality traits through the lens of each of the six domains. Chapters have been updated to cover the latest developments in DSM-5 and ICD-11. A greater emphasis on critical approaches to evolutionary personality psychology & the work of Eysenck have been interwoven throughout the book. Application boxes examine how personality theories and research are used in real-world situations. A Closer Look boxes explore core topics and influential studies to enhance students' understanding. New and updated Exercises encourage critical reflection and the application of theory to personal experience. Accessibility front and center - the eBook has been updated in line with WCAG 2.0 guidelines. Available on McGraw Hill's Connect®, the well-established online learning platform which features our award-winning adaptive reading experience as well as resources to help faculty and institutions improve student outcomes and course delivery efficiency. To learn more, visit mheducation.co.uk/connect where you can access key support materials for your teaching, including a testbank and lecture support.

important person in psychology: The Importance of Psychological Traits John E. Williams, Robert C. Satterwhite, José L. Saiz, 2005-11-25 Unique to the book are the appendices that enable interested readers to test hypotheses of their own devising related to the psychological importance and/or favorability of selected sets of person descriptors in different cultural settings. Appendix D provides, for the first time, the individual item values for the Five Factor scoring system for the Adjective Check List described by FormyDuval, Williams, Patterson, and Fogle (1995).--Page ix

important person in psychology: EBOOK: Personality Psychology: Domains of Knowledge about Human Nature LARSEN, 2020-12-07 EBOOK: Personality Psychology: Domains of Knowledge about Human Nature

important person in psychology: The Psychology of the Human-Animal Bond Christopher Blazina, Güler Boyraz, David Shen-Miller, 2011-06-22 There have been dramatic increases in the financial, emotional, and psychological investment in pets over the past four decades. The increasing importance of animal companions in people's lives has resulted in growing emphasis on the human-animal bond within academic literature. This book introduces practicing and emerging professionals to vital subject matter concerning this growing specialty area by providing an essential

framework and information through which to consider the unique contextual backdrop of the human-animal bond. Such contexts include a wide array of themes including: issues of attachment and loss, success and frustration with making and sustaining connections, world views regarding animal ethics, familial history of neglect or abuse, and cultural dynamics that speak to the order of things between mankind and nature. Adopting a contextual stance will aid mental health professionals in appreciating why and how this connection has become a significant part of everyday life for many. As with any other important clinical dynamic, training and preparation are needed to gain competence for professional practice and research. To this end, an ensemble of international experts across the fields of psychology and mental health explore topics that will help both new and established clinicians increase and understanding of the various ways the human-animal bond manifests itself. Perspectives from beyond the scope of psychology and mental health such as anthropology, philosophy, literature, religion, and history are included to provide a sampling of the significant contexts in which the human-animal bond is established. What brings these divergent topics together in a meaningful way is their relevance and centrality to the contextual bonds that underlie the human-animal connection. This text will be a valuable resource that provides opportunities to deepen one's expertise in understanding the psychology of the human-animal bond.

important person in psychology: Real World Psychology Catherine A. Sanderson, Karen R. Huffman, 2019-12-24 Real World Psychology balances comprehensive coverage of the key concepts in introductory psychology with a concise presentation style and engages students with current and interesting research that explores these concepts in real-life contexts. Real World Psychology features the incomparable author team of Karen Huffman (Palomar College) and Catherine Sanderson (Amherst College) who create an outstanding text that is appealing to students and instructors at a wide range of academic institutions. The new edition has been thoroughly updated and features a new focus on Scientific Thinking and Practical Applications underscoring the fact that connecting the principles of psychological science to everyday life is critical to student engagement, and ultimately key to their success – not only in the introductory psychology course, but in whatever their chosen field of study and in everyday life. Students will leave the course with an appreciation of how a basic, yet scientific understanding of human behavior can benefit them in their studies, in their personal lives, and in their professional endeavors.

important person in psychology: Complete Psychology Graham Davey, Christopher Sterling, Andy Field, 2014-09-25 The new edition of Complete Psychology is the definitive undergraduate textbook. It not only fits exactly with the very latest BPS curriculum and offers integrated web support for students and lecturers, but it also includes guidance on study skills, research methods, statistics and careers. Complete Psychology provides excellent coverage of the major areas of study. Each chapter has been fully updated to reflect changes in the field and to include examples of psychology in applied settings, and further reading sections have been expanded. The companion website, www.completepsychology.co.uk, has also been fully revised and now contains chapter summaries, author pages, downloadable presentations, useful web links, multiple choice questions, essay questions and an electronic glossary. Written by an experienced and respected team of authors, this highly accessible, comprehensive text is illustrated in full colour, and quite simply covers everything students need for their first-year studies as well as being an invaluable reference and revision tool for second and third years.

important person in psychology: Comparative Psychology for Clinical Psychologists and Therapists Daniel C. Marston, Terry L. Maple, 2016-05-19 Revealing what comparative psychology can offer clinical psychologists and therapists, this book presents effective interventions based on insights from research into animal behaviours. Chapters focus on different disorders or behaviours that are difficult or impossible to study in humans, from autism to substance abuse, and include case examples.

important person in psychology: Success as a Psychology Major David E. Copeland, Jeremy Ashton Houska, 2020-02-07 Success as a Psychology Major, First Edition by David E. Copeland and Jeremy A. Houska is an essential resource for any student interested in pursuing an undergraduate

degree in psychology. Built from the ground up with input from hundreds of psychology students, this First Edition answers every question a trepidatious undergraduate may have. Success as a Psychology Major opens with practical tools on how to be a successful student, walks readers through the psychology curriculum, highlights key skills to develop, and presents the various academic and career paths to take after graduation. Unique chapters on joining a research lab, professional organizations and clubs, documenting students' accomplishments, and practical tools for managing time and money provide students with resources they will use throughout their academic career. Presented in a modular format with a student-friendly narrative, this text is a step-by-step road map to a fulfilling and meaningful experience as a student of psychology.

important person in psychology: Essential Personality Donald Pennington, 2018-04-17 'Essential Personality' provides a clear, accessible and systematic introduction to the major theoretical approaches for the understanding of human personality. This introductory book assumes no prior knowledge of this core area in psychology and is written for students studying personality for the first time, whether at 'A' level, first year undergraduates on psychology degree programmes or students on other courses (for example, nursing, social work or criminology). Each chapter considers one or more of the major approaches to personality. For each approach, a brief biographical outline of the originating theorist is given. This is followed by clear and straightforward descriptions of the major aspects of each theory together with clear definitions of key concepts, and concludes with an evaluation section that addresses the 'model' of humans underlying the approach, research evidence in support of the theory and questioning the theory. Discussion is also given to personality assessment and therapeutic applications of the theory or approach. The individual chapters provide figures, diagrams and tables to give a clear understanding of theory and research. and at the end of each chapter, a summary and suggestions for further reading is provided. A glossary at the end of the book provides definitions and explanations of key items, concepts etc.

important person in psychology: Psychoanalysis in Transition Merton M. Gill, 2013-04-15 First published in 2000. This volume outlines the changes in Gill's formulation of psychoanalytic theory in response to new ideas and dialogues. This evolution includes more focus on the clinical process, with psychoanalytic theory being part of a toolkit for the analyst, and exploring the 'nature of psychological therapy informed by psychoanalytic concepts.

important person in psychology: Handbook of Interpersonal Psychology Leonard M. Horowitz, Stephen Strack, 2010-11-17 Modern interpersonal psychology is now at a point where recent advances need to be organized so that researchers, practitioners, and students can understand what is new, different, and state-of-the art. This field-defining volume examines the history of interpersonal psychology and explores influential theories of normal-abnormal behaviors, widely-used assessment measures, recent methodological advances, and current interpersonal strategies for changing problematic behaviors. Featuring original contributions from field luminaries including Aaron Pincus, John Clarkin, David Buss, Louis Castonguay, and Theodore Millon, this cutting-edge volume will appeal to academicians, professionals, and students interested in the study of normal and abnormal interpersonal behavior.

important person in psychology: Key Topics in Sports Psychology Springer Behavioral & Health Sciences, 2022-11-12 This volume features cutting-edge and impactful articles from across Springer's diverse journals publishing program. In this curated collection, our editorial team has brought together highly-cited and downloaded articles on the topic of Sports Psychology into one single resource. Moreover, this book enables readers to review a broad spectrum of quality research on a specialized topic, which we hope facilitates interdisciplinary and critical discussions of the topic at hand. As part of the Key Topics in Behavioral Sciences book series, this volume aims to serve as a quick reference for readers when writing or researching new topics or subject areas. Other topics in the series will include Psychological Research Methods, Health and Behavior, Industrial and Organizational Psychology, Sports Psychology, and Consumer Behavior. In the first section of the volume, articles focus on such topics as Organized Sport, Sport-Confidence, Vealey's Conceptual Model, Externalizing, Football, Internalizing, Organized Physical Activity, and Social Functioning.

Next, the second section features research on Early Intervention, Parent-Implemented Intervention, Social Validity, Telepractice, Appraisal Tendency Framework, Emotion, Facial Recognition Software, Feedback Self-Efficacy, Grit, and Performance Feedback. Lastly in the final section of this collection, Ability Self-Concept, Depressive Symptoms, Expectancy-Value Theory, Person-Centered Approach, Sport Motivation, Subjective Task Values, Adolescence, Body Image, Eating Disorders, Fear of Negative Evaluation, Weight And Shape Concerns, Mindfulness, Self-Determination Theory, and Well-Being are discussed.

important person in psychology: *Advanced Personality* David F. Barone, Michel Hersen, Vincent B. Van Hasselt, 2012-09-14 Embracing all aspects of personality study, *Advanced Personality* addresses major established theories and vital current research topics in the field, from the perspectives of both clinical and scholarly settings. This impressive text-reference features chapters that cover, among other topics-psychobiological theories of personality- conscious and unconscious functioning-and personality disorders from a trait perspective. Written for entry-level graduate and upper-level undergraduate students, the book includes an introductory chapter with a chronological table listing all major figures in the history of the field, and tables that summarize key aspects of various theories.

important person in psychology: *Social Psychology* Graham M Vaughan, Michael A Hogg, 2013-10-16 The 7th edition of this best-selling social psychology text by Graham Vaughan and Michael Hogg, *Social Psychology*, retains the structure and approach of the previous edition but has been revised to reflect the changes in the field, with the material thoroughly updated throughout. *Social Psychology 7e* continues to capture the scope and detail of contemporary social psychology as an international scientific enterprise and at the same time deals with the subject in a way that is relevant to university teaching and social psychology research in Australia and New Zealand.

important person in psychology: *Relational Theory and the Practice of Psychotherapy* Paul L. Wachtel, 2007-12-14 This important and innovative book explores a new direction in psychoanalytic thought that can expand and deepen clinical practice. Relational psychoanalysis diverges in key ways from the assumptions and practices that have traditionally characterized psychoanalysis. At the same time, it preserves, and even extends, the profound understanding of human experience and psychological conflict that has always been the strength of the psychoanalytic approach. Through probing theoretical analysis and illuminating examples, the book offers new and powerful ways to revitalize clinical practice. See also Wachtel's *Therapeutic Communication, Second Edition: Knowing What to Say When*, an integrative, practical guide for therapists of all orientations.

important person in psychology: *Statistics for Psychology* Roger Watt, Elizabeth Collins, 2023-01-05 *Statistics for Psychology* is an interactive, highly visual, and accessible guide to the statistical practices you will encounter as a psychology student. Its software-agnostic approach keeps the focus on the core principles, rather than getting bogged down in complicated formulae and jargon. This book is based on the authors' BPS commended programme. It focusses on providing the strong foundational understanding you'll need to use statistics confidently and creatively rather than the software-specific way in which statistics is often taught. This edition includes: new content throughout on being a responsible researcher, a new chapter to support you in presenting your research to a critical audience, carefully designed graphics to explain statistical principles, your turn exercises to test your understanding of each chapter. This book is the ideal guide for students approaching statistics and research methods in psychology for the first time. Roger Watt is Emeritus Professor of Psychology at the University of Stirling. Elizabeth Collins is a researcher with a PhD in Psychology.

important person in psychology: **Sexually Transmitted Diseases: Advances in Research and Treatment: 2011 Edition** , 2012-01-09 *Sexually Transmitted Diseases: Advances in Research and Treatment: 2011 Edition* is a ScholarlyBrief™ that delivers timely, authoritative, comprehensive, and specialized information about Sexually Transmitted Diseases in a concise format. The editors have built *Sexually Transmitted Diseases: Advances in Research and Treatment: 2011 Edition* on the vast information databases of ScholarlyNews.™ You can expect the information about Sexually

Transmitted Diseases in this eBook to be deeper than what you can access anywhere else, as well as consistently reliable, authoritative, informed, and relevant. The content of Sexually Transmitted Diseases: Advances in Research and Treatment: 2011 Edition has been produced by the world's leading scientists, engineers, analysts, research institutions, and companies. All of the content is from peer-reviewed sources, and all of it is written, assembled, and edited by the editors at ScholarlyEditions™ and available exclusively from us. You now have a source you can cite with authority, confidence, and credibility. More information is available at <http://www.ScholarlyEditions.com/>.

important person in psychology: Handbook of Community Psychology Julian Rappaport, Edward Seidman, 2000-05-31 This comprehensive handbook, the first in its field, brings together 106 different contributors. The 38 interrelated but at the same time independent chapters discuss key areas including conceptual frameworks; empirically grounded constructs; intervention strategies and tactics; social systems; designs, assessment, and analysis; cross-cutting professional issues; and contemporary intersections with related fields such as violence prevention and HIV/AIDS.

Related to important person in psychology

What does !important mean in CSS? - Stack Overflow The !important rule is a way to make your CSS cascade but also have the rules you feel are most crucial always be applied. A rule that has the !important property will always

css - Para que serve a declaração "!important"? - Stack Overflow A declaração !important serve para forçar o CSS a usar a propriedade descrita nessa linha. O CSS funciona por hierarquias, uma cascata de regras que obedecem a

css - How to override !important? - Stack Overflow So when using important, ideally this should only ever be used, when really really needed. So to override the declaration, make the style more specific, but also with an override

What are the implications of using "!important" in CSS? Using the !important keyword in CSS is a way to prevent other meddlesome programs from taking liberties to interpret your html/css in a way other than what you want. For example when

Importance markers in Gmail - Google Help Don't use past actions to predict which emails are important Using a browser, open Gmail. You can't change this setting from the Gmail app, but the settings you choose on your computer will

More important than !important (a higher level !important)? In general, it is possible to override a declaration that has !important by using a rule that also has it and that has higher specificity. However, a declaration in a style attribute has,

css - Add both !important & selector strategy for tailwind I enabled !important via tailwind configuration then have the below issue, Also tried with selector strategy via config as important: .tailwind-app, but still bootstrap !important rules

html - Can I override inline !important? - Stack Overflow That being said, when conflicting rules both have the !important flag, specificity dictates that an inline rule is applied - meaning that for OP's scenario, there's no way to

How to apply !important using .css ()? - Stack Overflow Edit: I should add that I have a stylesheet with an !important style that I am trying to override with an !important style inline, so using .width() and the like does not work since it gets

javascript - Overriding !important style - Stack Overflow The external style sheet has the following code: td.EvenRow a { display: none !important; } I have tried using: element.style.display = "inline"; and element.style.display = "inline !important"; but

What does !important mean in CSS? - Stack Overflow The !important rule is a way to make your CSS cascade but also have the rules you feel are most crucial always be applied. A rule that has the !important property will always

css - Para que serve a declaração "!important"? - Stack Overflow A declaração !important serve para forçar o CSS a usar a propriedade descrita nessa linha. O CSS funciona por hierarquias,

uma cascata de regras que obedecem a

css - How to override !important? - Stack Overflow So when using important, ideally this should only ever be used, when really really needed. So to override the declaration, make the style more specific, but also with an override

What are the implications of using "!important" in CSS? Using the !important keyword in CSS is a way to prevent other meddlesome programs from taking liberties to interpret your html/css in a way other than what you want. For example when

Importance markers in Gmail - Google Help Don't use past actions to predict which emails are important Using a browser, open Gmail. You can't change this setting from the Gmail app, but the settings you choose on your computer will

More important than !important (a higher level !important)? In general, it is possible to override a declaration that has !important by using a rule that also has it and that has higher specificity. However, a declaration in a style attribute has,

css - Add both !important & selector strategy for tailwind I enabled !important via tailwind configuration then have the below issue, Also tried with selector strategy via config as important: .tailwind-app, but still bootstrap !important rules

html - Can I override inline !important? - Stack Overflow That being said, when conflicting rules both have the !important flag, specificity dictates that an inline rule is applied - meaning that for OP's scenario, there's no way to

How to apply !important using .css ()? - Stack Overflow Edit: I should add that I have a stylesheet with an !important style that I am trying to override with an !important style inline, so using .width() and the like does not work since it gets

javascript - Overriding !important style - Stack Overflow The external style sheet has the following code: td.EvenRow a { display: none !important; } I have tried using: element.style.display = "inline"; and element.style.display = "inline !important"; but

What does !important mean in CSS? - Stack Overflow The !important rule is a way to make your CSS cascade but also have the rules you feel are most crucial always be applied. A rule that has the !important property will always

css - Para que serve a declaração "!important"? - Stack Overflow A declaração !important serve para forçar o CSS a usar a propriedade descrita nessa linha. O CSS funciona por hierarquias, uma cascata de regras que obedecem a

css - How to override !important? - Stack Overflow So when using important, ideally this should only ever be used, when really really needed. So to override the declaration, make the style more specific, but also with an override

What are the implications of using "!important" in CSS? Using the !important keyword in CSS is a way to prevent other meddlesome programs from taking liberties to interpret your html/css in a way other than what you want. For example when

Importance markers in Gmail - Google Help Don't use past actions to predict which emails are important Using a browser, open Gmail. You can't change this setting from the Gmail app, but the settings you choose on your computer will

More important than !important (a higher level !important)? In general, it is possible to override a declaration that has !important by using a rule that also has it and that has higher specificity. However, a declaration in a style attribute has,

css - Add both !important & selector strategy for tailwind I enabled !important via tailwind configuration then have the below issue, Also tried with selector strategy via config as important: .tailwind-app, but still bootstrap !important rules

html - Can I override inline !important? - Stack Overflow That being said, when conflicting rules both have the !important flag, specificity dictates that an inline rule is applied - meaning that for OP's scenario, there's no way to

How to apply !important using .css ()? - Stack Overflow Edit: I should add that I have a stylesheet with an !important style that I am trying to override with an !important style inline, so

using `.width()` and the like does not work since it gets

javascript - Overriding !important style - Stack Overflow The external style sheet has the following code: `td.EvenRow a { display: none !important; }` I have tried using: `element.style.display = "inline";` and `element.style.display = "inline !important";` but

What does !important mean in CSS? - Stack Overflow The `!important` rule is a way to make your CSS cascade but also have the rules you feel are most crucial always be applied. A rule that has the `!important` property will always

css - Para que serve a declaração "!important"? - Stack Overflow A declaração `!important` serve para forçar o CSS a usar a propriedade descrita nessa linha. O CSS funciona por hierarquias, uma cascata de regras que obedecem a

css - How to override !important? - Stack Overflow So when using `important`, ideally this should only ever be used, when really really needed. So to override the declaration, make the style more specific, but also with an override

What are the implications of using "!important" in CSS? Using the `!important` keyword in CSS is a way to prevent other meddlesome programs from taking liberties to interpret your html/css in a way other than what you want. For example when

Importance markers in Gmail - Google Help Don't use past actions to predict which emails are important Using a browser, open Gmail. You can't change this setting from the Gmail app, but the settings you choose on your computer

More important than !important (a higher level !important)? In general, it is possible to override a declaration that has `!important` by using a rule that also has it and that has higher specificity. However, a declaration in a style attribute has,

css - Add both !important & selector strategy for tailwind I enabled `!important` via tailwind configuration then have the below issue, Also tried with selector strategy via config as `important`: `.tailwind-app`, but still bootstrap `!important` rules

html - Can I override inline !important? - Stack Overflow That being said, when conflicting rules both have the `!important` flag, specificity dictates that an inline rule is applied - meaning that for OP's scenario, there's no way to

How to apply !important using .css ()? - Stack Overflow Edit: I should add that I have a stylesheet with an `!important` style that I am trying to override with an `!important` style inline, so using `.width()` and the like does not work since it

javascript - Overriding !important style - Stack Overflow The external style sheet has the following code: `td.EvenRow a { display: none !important; }` I have tried using: `element.style.display = "inline";` and `element.style.display = "inline !important";` but

Back to Home: <https://www-01.massdevelopment.com>