FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR

FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR IS A CRUCIAL METRIC THAT REFLECTS THE ACADEMIC INFLUENCE AND PRESTIGE OF RESEARCH PUBLISHED IN THE FIELD OF FRESHWATER SCIENCE. UNDERSTANDING THE IMPACT FACTOR ASSOCIATED WITH JOURNALS THAT FOCUS ON FRESHWATER ECOSYSTEMS, WATER QUALITY, AQUATIC BIOLOGY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROVIDES INSIGHT INTO THE SIGNIFICANCE AND REACH OF SCIENTIFIC WORK IN THIS AREA. THIS ARTICLE DELVES INTO THE MEANING OF THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR, HOW IT IS CALCULATED, AND ITS IMPORTANCE IN THE ACADEMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH COMMUNITIES. ADDITIONALLY, IT EXPLORES FACTORS INFLUENCING IMPACT FACTORS, COMPARISONS WITH RELATED JOURNALS, AND PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR AUTHORS AND RESEARCHERS IN FRESHWATER STUDIES. THE FOLLOWING CONTENT SERVES AS A COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE TO NAVIGATING THE COMPLEXITIES AND NUANCES OF THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR, ENABLING INFORMED DECISIONS ABOUT PUBLISHING AND EVALUATING SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE.

- UNDERSTANDING THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR
- CALCULATION METHODOLOGY OF IMPACT FACTORS
- SIGNIFICANCE OF IMPACT FACTOR IN FRESHWATER RESEARCH
- FACTORS INFLUENCING FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR
- COMPARISON WITH RELATED SCIENTIFIC JOURNALS
- PRACTICAL IMPLICATIONS FOR RESEARCHERS AND AUTHORS

UNDERSTANDING THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR

THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR IS A BIBLIOMETRIC INDICATOR THAT MEASURES THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF CITATIONS RECEIVED BY ARTICLES PUBLISHED IN A SPECIFIC JOURNAL OVER A DEFINED PERIOD, TYPICALLY TWO YEARS. IT SERVES AS A QUANTITATIVE TOOL TO ASSESS THE RELATIVE IMPORTANCE AND INFLUENCE OF FRESHWATER SCIENCE JOURNALS IN THE BROADER SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY. IMPACT FACTORS HELP RESEARCHERS IDENTIFY HIGH-QUALITY SOURCES FOR LITERATURE REVIEW AND POTENTIAL PUBLICATION OUTLETS, WHILE INSTITUTIONS MAY USE THEM TO EVALUATE RESEARCH PERFORMANCE. IN THE CONTEXT OF FRESHWATER SCIENCE, WHICH ENCOMPASSES DISCIPLINES SUCH AS LIMNOLOGY, HYDROLOGY, ECOLOGY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE, THE IMPACT FACTOR HIGHLIGHTS JOURNALS THAT CONSISTENTLY PUBLISH INFLUENTIAL AND WIDELY CITED RESEARCH ON FRESHWATER ECOSYSTEMS AND RELATED TOPICS.

DEFINITION AND SCOPE

IMPACT FACTOR SPECIFICALLY REFERS TO THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF CITATIONS PER PAPER PUBLISHED IN A JOURNAL DURING THE PREVIOUS TWO YEARS, AS INDEXED BY CITATION DATABASES LIKE WEB OF SCIENCE. FRESHWATER SCIENCE JOURNALS FOCUS ON THE STUDY OF INLAND AQUATIC ENVIRONMENTS, INCLUDING RIVERS, LAKES, WETLANDS, AND GROUNDWATER SYSTEMS. THESE JOURNALS COVER A RANGE OF TOPICS SUCH AS WATER QUALITY, AQUATIC BIODIVERSITY, ECOSYSTEM DYNAMICS, POLLUTION IMPACTS, AND CONSERVATION STRATEGIES. THEREFORE, THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR SERVES AS AN IMPORTANT BENCHMARK FOR THE VISIBILITY AND ACADEMIC RECOGNITION OF RESEARCH OUTPUTS WITHIN THIS SPECIALIZED DOMAIN.

ROLE IN ACADEMIC PUBLISHING

JOURNALS WITH HIGHER FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTORS ARE OFTEN CONSIDERED MORE PRESTIGIOUS AND INFLUENTIAL, ATTRACTING SUBMISSIONS FROM LEADING RESEARCHERS GLOBALLY. THE IMPACT FACTOR CAN INFLUENCE DECISIONS BY AUTHORS REGARDING WHERE TO SUBMIT THEIR MANUSCRIPTS, BY FUNDING AGENCIES IN GRANT EVALUATIONS, AND BY ACADEMIC

INSTITUTIONS IN FACULTY ASSESSMENTS. HOWEVER, IT IS ESSENTIAL TO RECOGNIZE THAT IMPACT FACTOR IS ONE OF MULTIPLE METRICS USED TO GAUGE JOURNAL QUALITY AND SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ALONGSIDE OTHER QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE MEASURES.

CALCULATION METHODOLOGY OF IMPACT FACTORS

THE CALCULATION OF THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR FOLLOWS A STANDARDIZED FORMULA ESTABLISHED BY CITATION INDEXING SERVICES. TYPICALLY, IT INVOLVES DIVIDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CITATIONS RECEIVED IN A GIVEN YEAR BY ARTICLES PUBLISHED IN THE PRECEDING TWO YEARS BY THE TOTAL NUMBER OF "CITABLE ITEMS" PUBLISHED IN THOSE SAME TWO YEARS. THIS SECTION OUTLINES THE CALCULATION PROCESS AND CLARIFIES THE COMPONENTS INVOLVED.

FORMULA AND COMPONENTS

THE GENERAL FORMULA FOR CALCULATING THE IMPACT FACTOR IS:

- 1. CITATIONS IN YEAR X TO ARTICLES PUBLISHED IN YEARS X-1 AND X-2
- 2. DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CITABLE ARTICLES PUBLISHED IN YEARS X-1 AND X-2

CITABLE ITEMS USUALLY INCLUDE ORIGINAL RESEARCH ARTICLES, REVIEWS, AND PROCEEDINGS PAPERS, EXCLUDING EDITORIALS, LETTERS, AND ABSTRACTS. FOR FRESHWATER SCIENCE JOURNALS, THIS CALCULATION REFLECTS HOW FREQUENTLY RECENT RESEARCH OUTPUTS ARE REFERENCED BY SUBSEQUENT STUDIES WITHIN THE SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE.

LIMITATIONS AND CONSIDERATIONS

While the impact factor provides a useful measure, it has limitations. Citation practices vary across disciplines, and some freshwater science topics may inherently attract more or fewer citations. Additionally, the two-year window may not capture the long-term influence of foundational research. As a result, reliance solely on the freshwater science impact factor for evaluating research quality can be misleading.

SIGNIFICANCE OF IMPACT FACTOR IN FRESHWATER RESEARCH

THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR PLAYS A SIGNIFICANT ROLE IN SHAPING THE LANDSCAPE OF FRESHWATER RESEARCH AND PUBLICATION. IT AFFECTS HOW KNOWLEDGE IS DISSEMINATED, HOW RESEARCH PRIORITIES ARE SET, AND HOW ACADEMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL STAKEHOLDERS EVALUATE SCIENTIFIC CONTRIBUTIONS.

INFLUENCE ON RESEARCH VISIBILITY

JOURNALS WITH HIGHER IMPACT FACTORS TEND TO HAVE WIDER READERSHIP AND GREATER VISIBILITY, WHICH CAN INCREASE THE DISSEMINATION AND INFLUENCE OF FRESHWATER SCIENCE RESEARCH. THIS VISIBILITY IS CRITICAL FOR ADVANCING UNDERSTANDING OF AQUATIC ECOSYSTEMS, INFORMING MANAGEMENT POLICIES, AND ADDRESSING ENVIRONMENTAL CHALLENGES SUCH AS POLLUTION AND CLIMATE CHANGE.

IMPACT ON FUNDING AND CAREER ADVANCEMENT

RESEARCHERS PUBLISHING IN HIGH-IMPACT FRESHWATER SCIENCE JOURNALS MAY ENHANCE THEIR PROFESSIONAL REPUTATION, IMPROVING PROSPECTS FOR FUNDING AND CAREER PROGRESSION. FUNDING BODIES AND HIRING COMMITTEES OFTEN CONSIDER JOURNAL IMPACT FACTORS AS PART OF THEIR EVALUATION CRITERIA, LINKING THE METRIC DIRECTLY TO SCIENTIFIC SUCCESS AND

FACTORS INFLUENCING FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR

SEVERAL ELEMENTS AFFECT THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR OF A JOURNAL. THESE FACTORS STEM FROM EDITORIAL POLICIES, JOURNAL SCOPE, CITATION BEHAVIORS, AND THE EVOLVING NATURE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH.

JOURNAL SCOPE AND SPECIALIZATION

JOURNALS WITH A BROAD INTERDISCIPLINARY SCOPE THAT COVERS DIVERSE ASPECTS OF FRESHWATER SCIENCE MAY ATTRACT MORE CITATIONS COMPARED TO HIGHLY SPECIALIZED PUBLICATIONS. CONVERSELY, NICHE JOURNALS FOCUSING ON SPECIFIC TOPICS SUCH AS FRESHWATER MICROBIOLOGY OR HYDRODYNAMICS MIGHT HAVE LOWER IMPACT FACTORS BUT SERVE CRITICAL ROLES WITHIN THEIR SUBFIELDS.

PUBLICATION FREQUENCY AND ARTICLE TYPES

JOURNALS PUBLISHING MORE ARTICLES PER YEAR OR EMPHASIZING REVIEW ARTICLES TEND TO ACHIEVE HIGHER IMPACT FACTORS. REVIEW ARTICLES GENERALLY RECEIVE MORE CITATIONS DUE TO THEIR COMPREHENSIVE NATURE. FRESHWATER SCIENCE JOURNALS THAT BALANCE ORIGINAL RESEARCH AND HIGH-QUALITY REVIEWS OFTEN SEE INCREASED CITATION RATES, POSITIVELY INFLUENCING THEIR IMPACT FACTOR.

CITATION PRACTICES AND TRENDS

TRENDS IN FRESHWATER SCIENCE, SUCH AS EMERGING RESEARCH AREAS OR URGENT ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES, CAN LEAD TO SPIKES IN CITATIONS. ADDITIONALLY, SELF-CITATIONS AND CITATION NETWORKS WITHIN RESEARCH COMMUNITIES IMPACT THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR. EDITORIAL STRATEGIES TO ENCOURAGE CITATION OF RECENT ARTICLES MAY ALSO AFFECT THE METRIC.

COMPARISON WITH RELATED SCIENTIFIC JOURNALS

Understanding freshwater science impact factor involves comparing it with impact factors of related journals in environmental science, ecology, and water resource management. Such comparisons provide perspective on the relative standing of freshwater science publications.

BENCHMARKING AGAINST ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE JOURNALS

Many freshwater science journals are categorized within broader environmental science indexes. Their impact factors often fall within a mid-range compared to high-impact multidisciplinary environmental journals. This reflects the specialized nature of freshwater science alongside the interdisciplinary appeal of environmental journals.

COMPARISON WITH ECOLOGY AND LIMNOLOGY PUBLICATIONS

JOURNALS SPECIALIZING IN ECOLOGY AND LIMNOLOGY, CLOSELY RELATED TO FRESHWATER SCIENCE, MAY HAVE COMPARABLE OR SLIGHTLY HIGHER IMPACT FACTORS DUE TO THEIR BROADER ECOLOGICAL FOCUS. THIS COMPARISON HIGHLIGHTS THE IMPORTANCE OF JOURNAL SCOPE AND AUDIENCE IN DETERMINING IMPACT METRICS.

EXAMPLES OF NOTABLE JOURNALS

- Freshwater Science
- JOURNAL OF HYDROLOGY
- LIMNOLOGY AND OCEANOGRAPHY
- WATER RESEARCH
- Environmental Science & Technology

THESE JOURNALS VARY IN IMPACT FACTOR VALUES, REFLECTING DIFFERENCES IN SCOPE, AUDIENCE, AND CITATION PRACTICES WITHIN THE FRESHWATER AND BROADER AQUATIC SCIENCES.

PRACTICAL IMPLICATIONS FOR RESEARCHERS AND AUTHORS

THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR INFLUENCES DECISIONS MADE BY RESEARCHERS REGARDING WHERE TO PUBLISH AND HOW TO EVALUATE SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE. UNDERSTANDING ITS ROLE CAN IMPROVE STRATEGIC PLANNING FOR RESEARCH DISSEMINATION AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT.

CHOOSING THE RIGHT JOURNAL FOR PUBLICATION

AUTHORS SEEKING TO PUBLISH IN FRESHWATER SCIENCE SHOULD CONSIDER THE IMPACT FACTOR ALONGSIDE JOURNAL RELEVANCE, AUDIENCE, REVIEW PROCESS, AND ACCESSIBILITY. WHILE HIGH-IMPACT JOURNALS MAY OFFER GREATER VISIBILITY, SPECIALIZED JOURNALS MAY BETTER REACH TARGET RESEARCH COMMUNITIES.

EVALUATING RESEARCH QUALITY

IMPACT FACTOR SHOULD BE CONSIDERED AS ONE METRIC AMONG MANY IN ASSESSING RESEARCH QUALITY AND RELEVANCE. CITATION COUNTS, ARTICLE INFLUENCE SCORES, AND PEER REVIEW QUALITY ALSO CONTRIBUTE TO A COMPREHENSIVE EVALUATION OF FRESHWATER SCIENCE PUBLICATIONS.

ENHANCING RESEARCH IMPACT

RESEARCHERS CAN IMPROVE THE VISIBILITY AND CITATION POTENTIAL OF THEIR WORK BY TARGETING APPROPRIATE JOURNALS, ENGAGING IN COLLABORATIVE NETWORKS, AND DISSEMINATING FINDINGS THROUGH CONFERENCES AND PUBLIC OUTREACH.

AWARENESS OF THE FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTOR SUPPORTS THESE EFFORTS BY GUIDING PUBLICATION STRATEGIES.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS THE CURRENT IMPACT FACTOR OF THE JOURNAL FRESHWATER SCIENCE?

AS OF 2023, THE IMPACT FACTOR OF FRESHWATER SCIENCE IS APPROXIMATELY 2.8, REFLECTING ITS INFLUENCE IN THE FIELD OF AQUATIC SCIENCES.

HOW IS THE IMPACT FACTOR OF FRESHWATER SCIENCE CALCULATED?

THE IMPACT FACTOR IS CALCULATED BASED ON THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF CITATIONS RECEIVED IN A PARTICULAR YEAR BY PAPERS PUBLISHED IN THE JOURNAL DURING THE TWO PRECEDING YEARS.

WHY IS THE IMPACT FACTOR IMPORTANT FOR FRESHWATER SCIENCE RESEARCHERS?

THE IMPACT FACTOR HELPS RESEARCHERS ASSESS THE JOURNAL'S PRESTIGE AND VISIBILITY, INFLUENCING DECISIONS ABOUT WHERE TO PUBLISH THEIR WORK FOR MAXIMUM IMPACT.

HOW DOES FRESHWATER SCIENCE'S IMPACT FACTOR COMPARE TO OTHER AQUATIC SCIENCE JOURNALS?

Freshwater Science's impact factor is competitive within the field, typically ranking it among the top journals specializing in freshwater ecology and management.

WHERE CAN I FIND THE LATEST IMPACT FACTOR INFORMATION FOR FRESHWATER SCIENCE?

THE LATEST IMPACT FACTOR CAN BE FOUND ON THE JOURNAL'S OFFICIAL WEBSITE, CLARIVATE'S JOURNAL CITATION REPORTS, OR ACADEMIC DATABASES LIKE WEB OF SCIENCE.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

1. Freshwater Science and Its Impact Factors: An Overview

This book provides a comprehensive introduction to freshwater science, focusing on the various impact factors influencing freshwater ecosystems. It covers key topics such as water quality, pollution sources, and ecological health indicators. The text is ideal for students and researchers seeking to understand the dynamics of freshwater environments and how scientific impact is measured in this field.

2. MEASURING IMPACT IN FRESHWATER ECOLOGY JOURNALS

FOCUSING ON BIBLIOMETRICS, THIS BOOK EXPLORES THE METHODOLOGIES USED TO ASSESS THE IMPACT FACTORS OF SCIENTIFIC JOURNALS IN FRESHWATER ECOLOGY. IT DISCUSSES CITATION ANALYSIS, JOURNAL RANKINGS, AND THE SIGNIFICANCE OF IMPACT FACTORS IN ACADEMIC PUBLISHING. RESEARCHERS AND LIBRARIANS WILL FIND THIS RESOURCE VALUABLE FOR NAVIGATING FRESHWATER SCIENCE LITERATURE.

3. Advances in Freshwater Science: Assessing Scientific Impact

This volume compiles recent advancements in freshwater science research alongside discussions on how these contributions affect the field's impact factor. Case studies highlight high-impact research and its implications for environmental policy and management. The book serves as a bridge between scientific discovery and its broader influence.

4. ECOLOGICAL INDICATORS IN FRESHWATER SYSTEMS: IMPACT AND APPLICATIONS

EXPLORING ECOLOGICAL INDICATORS USED TO EVALUATE FRESHWATER ECOSYSTEM HEALTH, THIS BOOK LINKS THESE METRICS TO BROADER SCIENTIFIC IMPACT MEASUREMENTS. IT EMPHASIZES HOW INDICATOR DEVELOPMENT INFLUENCES RESEARCH VISIBILITY AND IMPACT FACTOR RANKINGS. PRACTITIONERS AND RESEARCHERS WILL BENEFIT FROM ITS PRACTICAL APPROACH TO ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT.

5. WATER QUALITY AND IMPACT FACTOR TRENDS IN FRESHWATER RESEARCH

THIS BOOK EXAMINES THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN WATER QUALITY STUDIES AND THEIR IMPACT ON SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE METRICS. IT ANALYZES HOW WATER QUALITY RESEARCH TOPICS CORRELATE WITH JOURNAL IMPACT FACTORS AND FUNDING PRIORITIES. READERS GAIN INSIGHTS INTO THE EVOLVING FOCUS AREAS WITHIN FRESHWATER SCIENCE THAT DRIVE ACADEMIC INFLUENCE.

6. BIBLIOMETRIC APPROACHES TO FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT ANALYSIS

DEDICATED TO BIBLIOMETRIC TECHNIQUES, THIS BOOK OFFERS TOOLS FOR ANALYZING PUBLICATION TRENDS, CITATION NETWORKS, AND IMPACT FACTORS IN FRESHWATER SCIENCE. IT INCLUDES TUTORIALS ON DATA SOURCES AND SOFTWARE USED IN IMPACT ANALYSIS. SCHOLARS AIMING TO QUANTIFY THEIR RESEARCH IMPACT WILL FIND THIS AN ESSENTIAL GUIDE.

- 7. Freshwater Biodiversity and Its Influence on Scientific Impact
- THIS TITLE EXPLORES THE ROLE OF FRESHWATER BIODIVERSITY RESEARCH IN SHAPING THE IMPACT FACTOR LANDSCAPE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE JOURNALS. IT DISCUSSES HOW BIODIVERSITY STUDIES ENHANCE SCIENTIFIC VISIBILITY AND CROSS-DISCIPLINARY CITATIONS. THE BOOK ENCOURAGES INTEGRATIVE RESEARCH APPROACHES TO MAXIMIZE ACADEMIC IMPACT.
- 8. POLICY IMPLICATIONS OF FRESHWATER SCIENCE IMPACT FACTORS

FOCUSING ON THE INTERSECTION OF SCIENCE AND POLICY, THIS BOOK ANALYZES HOW IMPACT FACTORS AFFECT FRESHWATER RESEARCH FUNDING AND LEGISLATIVE DECISIONS. IT HIGHLIGHTS CASE STUDIES WHERE HIGH-IMPACT RESEARCH INFLUENCED WATER MANAGEMENT POLICIES. POLICYMAKERS AND SCIENTISTS WILL APPRECIATE ITS INSIGHTS INTO SCIENCE-DRIVEN GOVERNANCE.

9. EMERGING TRENDS IN FRESHWATER SCIENCE: IMPACT FACTOR PERSPECTIVES

THIS FORWARD-LOOKING BOOK IDENTIFIES NEW RESEARCH AREAS IN FRESHWATER SCIENCE THAT ARE POISED TO INFLUENCE IMPACT FACTOR METRICS. TOPICS INCLUDE CLIMATE CHANGE EFFECTS, NOVEL CONTAMINANTS, AND TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATIONS IN MONITORING. IT OFFERS A STRATEGIC VIEW FOR RESEARCHERS AIMING TO CONTRIBUTE HIGH-IMPACT STUDIES IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

Freshwater Science Impact Factor

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freshwater science impact factor: Women at the Frontier of Freshwater Science Sandra Olga Brizga, Francisca C. Aguiar, Carla Simone Pavanelli, Maria Ilhéu, 2025-10-13 We are delighted to present the inaugural Frontiers in Environmental Science "Women at the Frontier of Freshwater Science" series of article collections. At present, less than 30% of researchers worldwide are women. Long-standing biases and gender stereotypes are discouraging girls and women away from science-related fields, and STEM research in particular. Science and gender equality are, however, essential to ensure sustainable development as highlighted by UNESCO. In order to change traditional mindsets, gender equality must be promoted, stereotypes defeated, and girls and women should be encouraged to pursue STEM careers. Therefore, Frontiers in Environmental Science is proud to offer this platform to promote the work of women scientists, across all fields of Freshwater Science. The work presented here highlights the diversity of research performed across the entire breadth of Freshwater Science research and presents advances in theory, experiment, and methodology with applications to compelling problems. This Research Topic will aim to highlight the scope of the Freshwater Science section, which you can view here:

https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/environmental-science/sections/freshwater-science#about Topics of interest include, but are not confined to, the following: • Basic freshwater science • Multiple stressors, interactions, responses, and monitoring • Restoration and conservation • Socio-ecological science, governance, and policy The article types of interest include reviews, mini-reviews, and original research articles. We also hope to highlight the research works of early career researchers and emerging women in freshwater science. Please note: To be considered for this collection, the first or last author should be a researcher who identifies as a woman.

freshwater science impact factor: Freshwater science in Africa Frank Onderi Masese, Francis

O. Arimoro, Tatenda Dalu, Gretchen Maria Gettel, 2023-07-03

freshwater science impact factor: Marine & Freshwater Research , 2014 freshwater science impact factor: Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences , 2009

freshwater science impact factor: Freshwater Mycology Suhaib A. Bandh, Sana Shafi, 2022-05-27 Freshwater Mycology: Perspectives of Fungal Dynamics in Freshwater Ecosystems presents chapters from expert contributors around the world. Through the contributed chapters, the contributors explore the perspectives of fungal dynamics in freshwater ecosystems, especially their diversity, distribution, functioning and role, biotransformation and bioprospecting potential, methodical advancements and metagenomic insights. Written with aquatic ecologists in mind, this book provides information on oceanic, estuarine and freshwater ecosystems not currently well understood and identifies new questions and answers about the roles of mycology in aquatic ecosystems. This topic is becoming an increasingly important area to understand due to the increasing global transports of microbes due to climate change and human actions. This is leading to a rapid loss of healthy freshwater ecosystems, the grave problem of antibiotic resistance, and the rarity of qualified mycology taxonomists and molecular systematicians. - Includes data from locations not previously or well covered from prior synthesis publications - Identifies new information on the roles of mycology in aquatic ecosystems - Provides insights into the fungal diversity of freshwater ecosystems, along with their potential roles

freshwater science impact factor: Advances in Marine and Freshwater Monitoring to support Aquatic Ecosystem Conservation and Restoration Elisabetta Manea, Caterina Bergami, Robert Ptacnik, 2023-11-13 Conserving and restoring freshwater and marine ecosystems are priorities addressed by several European and global conservation initiatives. Many management and conservation initiatives have been put in place to support the achievement of declared national and global conservation and sustainability goals. Nonetheless, the extent to which all these initiatives can provide lasting positive effects on conservation and restoration targets is often impaired/limited by the lack of robust baseline data and systematic monitoring, which in turn are constrained by the limited number of long-term monitoring programs and limited dedicated funding. This collection underlines the importance of monitoring in times of global change and shifting baselines and the urgency of boosting conservation strategies to ensure progression towards meeting global conservation objectives. Emphasis is given also to the socio-ecological contexts and dimensions of conservation efforts, and the potential of societal engagement in monitoring practices - a key enabling factor to turn conservation initiatives into practical actions and ecosystem protection.

freshwater science impact factor: Freshwater Ecology Walter K. Dodds, Matt R. Whiles, 2010-11-03 Freshwater Ecology, Second Edition, is a broad, up-to-date treatment of everything from the basic chemical and physical properties of water to advanced unifying concepts of the community ecology and ecosystem relationships as found in continental waters. With 40% new and expanded coverage, this text covers applied and basic aspects of limnology, now with more emphasis on wetlands and reservoirs than in the previous edition. It features 80 new and updated figures, including a section of color plates, and 500 new and updated references. The authors take a synthetic approach to ecological problems, teaching students how to handle the challenges faced by contemporary aquatic scientists. This text is designed for undergraduate students taking courses in Freshwater Ecology and Limnology; and introductory graduate students taking courses in Freshwater Ecology and Limnology. - Expanded revision of Dodds' successful text. - New boxed sections provide more advanced material within the introductory, modular format of the first edition. - Basic scientific concepts and environmental applications featured throughout. - Added coverage of climate change, ecosystem function, hypertrophic habitats and secondary production. - Expanded coverage of physical limnology, groundwater and wetland habitats. - Expanded coverage of the toxic effects of pharmaceuticals and endocrine disrupters as freshwater pollutants - More on aquatic invertebrates, with more images and pictures of a broader range of organisms - Expanded coverage of the functional roles of filterer feeding, scraping, and shredding organisms, and a new section on

omnivores. - Expanded appendix on standard statistical techniques. - Supporting website with figures and tables - http://www.elsevierdirect.com/companion.jsp?ISBN=9780123747242

Environments: 2012 Edition , 2013-01-10 Issues in Global Environment—Freshwater and Marine Environments: 2012 Edition is a ScholarlyEditions™ eBook that delivers timely, authoritative, and comprehensive information about Freshwater Research. The editors have built Issues in Global Environment—Freshwater and Marine Environments: 2012 Edition on the vast information databases of ScholarlyNews.™ You can expect the information about Freshwater Research in this eBook to be deeper than what you can access anywhere else, as well as consistently reliable, authoritative, informed, and relevant. The content of Issues in Global Environment—Freshwater and Marine Environments: 2012 Edition has been produced by the world's leading scientists, engineers, analysts, research institutions, and companies. All of the content is from peer-reviewed sources, and all of it is written, assembled, and edited by the editors at ScholarlyEditions™ and available exclusively from us. You now have a source you can cite with authority, confidence, and credibility. More information is available at http://www.ScholarlyEditions.com/.

freshwater science impact factor: Water Quality Indices Tabassum Abbasi, S. A. Abbasi, 2012-03-10 This book covers water quality indices (WQI) in depth - it describes what purpose they serve, how they are generated, what are their strengths and weaknesses, and how to make the best use of them. It is a concise and unique guide to WQIs for chemists, chemical/environmental engineers and government officials. Whereas it is easy to express the quantity of water, it is very difficult to express its quality because a large number of variables determine the water quality. WQIs seek to resolve the difficulty by translating a set of a large number of variables to a one-digit or a two-digit numeral. They are essential in communicating the status of different water resources in terms of water quality and the impact of various factors on it to policy makers, service personnel, and the lay public. Further they are exceedingly useful in the monitoring and management of water quality. With the importance of water and water quality increasing exponentially, the importance of this topic is also set to increase enormously because only with the use of indices is it possible to assess, express, communicate, and monitor the overall quality of any water source. - Provides a concise guide to WQIs: their purpose and generation - Compares existing methods and WQIs and outlines strengths and weaknesses - Makes recommendations on how the indices should be used and under what circumstances they apply

freshwater science impact factor: Effects of Water Levels on Ecosystems Joseph H. Wlosinski, Eden R. Koljord, 1996

freshwater science impact factor: The Controversy over Marine Protected Areas Alex Caveen, Nick Polunin, Tim Gray, Selina Marguerite Stead, 2014-10-17 This book is a critical analysis of the concept of marine protected areas (MPAs) particularly as a tool for marine resource management. It explains the reasons for the extraordinary rise of MPAs to the top of the political agenda for marine policy, and evaluates the scientific credentials for the unprecedented popularity of this management option. The book reveals the role played by two policy networks - epistemic community and advocacy coalition - in promoting the notion of MPA, showing how advocacy for marine reserves by some scientists based on limited evidence of fisheries benefits has led to a blurring of the boundary between science and politics. Second, the study investigates whether the scientific consensus on MPAs has resulted in a publication bias, whereby pro-MPA articles are given preferential treatment by peer-reviewed academic journals, though it found only limited evidence of such a bias. Third, the project conducts a systematic review of the literature to determine the ecological effects of MPAs, and reaches the conclusion that there is little proof of a positive impact on finfish populations in temperate waters. Fourth, the study uses discourse analysis to trace the effects of a public campaigning policy network on marine conservation zones (MCZs) in England, which demonstrated that there was considerable confusion over the objectives that MCZs were being designated to achieve. The book's conclusion is that the MPA issue shows the power of ideas in marine governance, but offers a caution that scientists who cross the line between science and

politics risk exaggerating the benefits of MPAs by glossing over uncertainties in the data, which may antagonise the fishing industry, delay resolution of the MPA issue, and weaken public faith in marine science if and when the benefits of MCZs are subsequently seen to be limited.

freshwater science impact factor: Target Organ Toxicity in Marine and Freshwater Teleosts Daniel Schlenk, William H. Benson, 2001-05-17 Addressing the numerous gaps in current information, Target Organ Toxicology in Marine and Freshwater Teleosts is an essential resource for researchers and professionals in aquatic toxicology and environmental risk assessment. All the chapters are written by researchers who are internationally recognised for their work in mechanistic aspects of

freshwater science impact factor: Ecology and Conservation Martin Thiel, 2025 The tenth volume in The Natural History of the Crustacea series, Ecology and Conservation emphasizes understanding the ecology of crustaceans as fundamental for their conservation in aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems. Written by recognized experts studying a wide range of crustacean taxa and topics, this volume synthesizes current research in a format that is accessible to a wide scientific audience.

freshwater science impact factor: Energy Research Abstracts, 1979

freshwater science impact factor: Floodplains Jeffrey J. Opperman, Peter B. Moyle, Eric W. Larsen, Joan L. Florsheim, Amber D. Manfree, 2017-09-05 Introduction to temperate floodplains -- Hydrology -- Floodplain and geomorphology -- Biogeochemistry -- Ecology: introduction -- Floodplain forests -- Primary and secondary production -- Fish and other vertebrates -- Ecosystem services and floodplain reconciliation -- Floodplains as green infrastructure -- Case studies of floodplain management and reconciliation -- Central Valley floodplains: introduction and history -- Central Valley floodplains today -- Reconciling Central Valley floodplains -- Conclusions: managing temperate floodplains for multiple benefits

freshwater science impact factor: Streams and Ground Waters Jeremy B. Jones, Patrick J. Mulholland, 1999-12-06 Streams around the world flow toward the sea in floodplains. All along this transit, there is exchange of water between the stream itself and the surrounding sediments which form the floodplain. Many chemical, biological, and geological processes occur when water moves back and forth between streams and these flood plain sediments. Streams and Groundwaters focuses on the consequences of water flow between streams, their underlying sediments, and surrounding landscapes. Certain to appeal to anyone interested in stream ecology, the management of stream ecosystems, or landscape ecology, this volume should become a oft-opened reference.

 $\textbf{freshwater science impact factor:} \ \textit{Biological Effects of Changes in Surface Water Acid-base Chemistry} \ , 1990$

freshwater science impact factor: The Marine Flora and Fauna of Hong Kong and Southern China V Brian Morton, 2000-12-01 From 6-25 April 1998, the Tenth International Workshop on the Marine Flora and Fauna of Hong Kong and South China was convened at the Swire Institute of Marine Science of the University of Hong Kong. Thirteen scientists from six countries and twenty-two scientists and students from Hong Kong investigated aspects of the marine flora and fauna of the Cape d'Aguilar Marine Reserve and the southeastern waters of Hong Kong. This was to obtain more information about the newly-established reserve (the only one in Hong Kong) and the changes that had taken place on the seabed in the southern waters since they were dredged between 1992-1995, respectively, and, in the latter case, to see if there had been any subsequent benthic recovery. The Proceedings of the workshop contains thirty-six original research papers dealing with aspects of the taxonomy and anatomy, behaviour and physiology of marine life in Hong Kong and Southern China. Papers also explore aspects of Hong Kong's marine parks and reserves, including the pollution of Hong Kong's marine life with particular reference to the Cape d'Aguilar Marine Reserve, established only in 1996, and the fauna of its territorial southern waters. The Workshop was sponsored by the University of Hong Kong, the Croucher Foundation and the K.C. Wong Foundation so as to bring eminent overseas scientists to Hong Kong to work with their local colleagues and students. The success of the workshop concept is self-evident in the contents and

scope of these proceedings. This was the eighth workshop convened in Hong Kong since 1977 and these proceedings have become the single-most important body of information on the long-term changes that have taken place in its marine environment over an extended time-frame. The volumes are also the largest regional repository of information on the marine life of the territorial waters of Hong Kong and the northern rim of the South China Sea. For those with any interest in Hong Kong's marine environment, therefore, this proceedings and its predecessors are essential reading.

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freshwater science impact factor: Encyclopedia of Environmental Change John A Matthews, 2013-12-13 Accessibly written by a team of international authors, the Encyclopedia of Environmental Change provides a gateway to the complex facts, concepts, techniques, methodology and philosophy of environmental change. This three-volume set illustrates and examines topics within this dynamic and rapidly changing interdisciplinary field. The encyclopedia includes all of the following aspects of environmental change: Diverse evidence of environmental change, including climate change and changes on land and in the oceans Underlying natural and anthropogenic causes and mechanisms Wide-ranging local, regional and global impacts from the polar regions to the tropics Responses of geo-ecosystems and human-environmental systems in the face of past, present and future environmental change Approaches, methodologies and techniques used for reconstructing, dating, monitoring, modelling, projecting and predicting change Social, economic and political dimensions of environmental issues, environmental conservation and management and environmental policy Over 4,000 entries explore the following key themes and more: Conservation Demographic change Environmental management Environmental policy Environmental security Food security Glaciation Green Revolution Human impact on environment Industrialization Landuse change Military impacts on environment Mining and mining impacts Nuclear energy Pollution Renewable resources Solar energy Sustainability Tourism Trade Water resources Water security Wildlife conservation The comprehensive coverage of terminology includes layers of entries ranging from one-line definitions to short essays, making this an invaluable companion for any student of physical geography, environmental geography or environmental sciences.

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